

HELCOM Metadata catalogue

Bottom habitats not influenced by permanent anoxia 2016-2021 (HOLAS 3)

The availability of deep water habitat is based on the occurrence of H2S and describes the suitability of the bottom areas for the Baltic Sea biota, with regard to oxygen conditions of the near-bottom waters. The data used to produce the layer was provided by the Leibniz-Institut für Ostseeforschung Warnemünde (IOW) for the years 2016-2021.

Simple

Date (Publication)	2023-02-14
Unique resource identifier	https://metadata.helcom.fi/geonetwork/srv/eng/catalog.search#/metadata/5490da33-8df5-4280-a980-e939a589dc8b
pointOfContact <i>HELCOM Secretariat</i>	
GEMET - INSPIRE themes, version 1.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Bio-geographical regions
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• oxygen deficiency
GEMET	
Keywords	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• MADS• HOLAS3• ecosystem component• deep water habitat
Use constraints	Other restrictions
Other constraints	Use constraints: Data can be used freely given that the source is cited (following creative commons license CC-BY). The source should be cited as: "HELCOM HOLAS 3 Dataset (2023).
Access constraints	Other restrictions
Other constraints	Access constraints: No limitations on public access.
Spatial representation type	Grid
Metadata language	English
Topic category	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Environment• Oceans

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Unique resource identifier	EPSG:3035
Distribution format	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ESRI Shapefile (1.0)
OnLine resource	Download dataset (WWW:LINK-1.0-http--link)
OnLine resource	Open in Map Viewer (WWW:LINK-1.0-http--link)
OnLine resource	Original downloadable resource (WWW:LINK-1.0-http--link)
Hierarchy level	Dataset

Conformance result

Date (Publication)	2010-12-08
Statement	<p>The data used to produce the layer was provided by the Leibniz-Institut für Ostseeforschung Warnemünde (IOW) in 2022:</p> <p>- areas (polygons) with hydrogen sulfide (H2S) based on point measurements and modeling. Five time periods/year, for years 2016-2021 (altogether 30 layers).</p> <p>The polygons were converted to raster layers in a way that for each time period (6 years, 5 time periods each year), the areas with H2S got the value 0, while the other areas got the value 1. All layers were summed, (representing 6 years, 5 time periods each year, maximum value 30) and data was normalised. For more detailed information on the data used, please see Feistel et al. 2016.</p> <p>Data source:</p> <p>Polygon data on sulfidic areas was kindly provided by Leibniz-Institut für Ostseeforschung Warnemünde (IOW). Separate maps can be viewed at http://www.io-warnemuende.de/msr-2016-0100.html.</p> <p>Reference:</p> <p>Feistel, S., Feistel, R., Nehring, D., Matthäus, W., Nausch, G., Naumann, M., 2016: Hypoxic and anoxic regions in the Baltic Sea, 1969-2015. Meereswiss. Ber. Warnemünde, 100. doi:10.12754/msr-2016-0100</p> <p>Data quality: The data is based on monitoring data and modeling. For further information, see reference.</p>
File identifier	5490da33-8df5-4280-a980-e939a589dc8b XML
Metadata language	English
Character set	UTF8
Hierarchy level	Dataset
Date stamp	2023-03-03T14:06:26

Overviews

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